

PAGES  
32  
BLADSYE



# Exercise Book Skryfboek

SIZE A4 (297 x 210mm) GROOTTE

Name  
Naam

SAB TAPE 13

Subject  
Vak

2wide Generation

Place  
Plek

Book 2

Feint Ruling with Margin  
Dowwe Lineëring met Kantlyn

JD. 267

Vol II C4  
E8

John Nxumalo

Note by CH on book

"fetching of Ndw. for  
incwala - those at  
uLwandle

Shemane + Ngo...?

Landa - an earlier &  
queen - possibly mention  
of the Archives.

separation of Ngw  
+ Ndw on the hubombo

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J. Nxumalo - instructed by king  
to tell this story

The finding of LaMawe  
frightly mixed ...

magudu + magadu II

## Footnotes

b3 emantintas : are traditional neck-laces which are put on by women who have children from the <sup>royal</sup> family

DB Cisighubuke nayo mntfunemnguni.

let us continue with it mntfunemnguni<sup>37</sup>

DB 5 Lagokukhiph' izimp'i kwakungutego ke. Thandile ke  
Those of sending out an <sup>44</sup> imp*we* those then. Thandile<sup>28</sup>,  
kwiso kuthnisi ke labakalngwane bathi njengoba  
it was said those of kangwane, they said just as  
ourulthi Ponto e ndlovukazi la naku seyihlangana  
you have brought this thing ndlovukazi<sup>27</sup> here, here it  
nabakhimbhi kakhithi baphi labantu bebaphatha  
meets with over ceremony, where are the people who  
kunthi

were handling the medicine

DB Mayibabe

Oh dear me!

DB 5 Ware nyabasi ke yena njengentombazana  
She then knew them, (she as a girl because this  
njapha finto besikhamisiwe balesikutshelile).  
(The clear that has been) lightened and we have told you.  
Ware nyabalandla ke Chalandwa ngegama  
She then fetched them, they were fetched in the  
lebakalngwane, balandwa kufili elwandle. Balapha  
names of those kangwane<sup>18</sup>, from where were they fetched? at  
kalngwane nje baselwandle balandwa bakanngwane  
lwandle<sup>36</sup> they are at kangwane<sup>18</sup>, they are g lwandle<sup>36</sup>, they  
ngwana yokutli bagobenza umsebenzi ke bona  
were fetched by those of kangwane<sup>18</sup> because they are going to  
umlobukwaphi inkosi walenzizilhage : ematinta,  
do the job of healing the king, the job of these ritual medicine  
nkhe kaphi lokunye  
and all other things

DB 5 Bufile tanku' indlawa

Footnotes

64 Kazwide : place of Zwide.

65 Mlandzeni : probably a place around mkhuge  
in South Africa.

66 Mkhuge : a place outside the Southern borders of  
Swaziland; just a few kilometres away  
from the borders of Swaziland.

They were given a place

NJ Befike be Pa kangwane base banikwa umuzi wabo  
they came to kangwane<sup>24</sup> and they were given an umuti  
kuthuma be kibebwandle ngobe leph' chwandle  
of theirs and was said it is at Lwandle<sup>26</sup> because there at  
ngabantu labahambe balanda Lwandle. Lena be  
Lwandle<sup>26</sup> are people who went and fetched the Lwandle.  
These at kazwile they went to fetch water

D.B. chwandle

From Lwandle<sup>26</sup>

NJ chwandle

From Lwandle<sup>26</sup>

D.B. libakwile lusanti elwandlebebawalandza kuyoga  
Those of 2widé<sup>24</sup> this water from Lwandle, were they  
fetching yiné nalamutla bebawalandza kuyona na  
fetching it from the same place they were <sup>going to</sup> fetch. It today

NJ Lebo lenye agyo leyo, emlandzeni baphuma  
Yes the other one is that one, at Omlandzeni, they went  
bayohambisa ema elokhuzaneni baphuma Kubo  
out to go at such and such, they went out from  
mkhuze nje bayoshana khona suke baya  
mkhuze, and going there, they would be going  
kuleyendane to that place.

N.B. kuyohambuluka matswanemnguni e. Angithambu  
It is clarified matswanemnguni<sup>37</sup>, but I am not very  
sure kahle ngatuba be Zikhetheni, ngitoku <sup>kahle ke</sup> <sup>laph'</sup> kangikatholi  
clear about those of Zikhetheni<sup>25</sup>, I still not get it there  
like ngizo be Namini eZikhetheni kuphuma  
let me come then Namini<sup>31</sup>, from Zikhetheni<sup>25</sup> comes

N.S.

### Footnotes

67 Mokothwa : the father of Ngolotsheni Motsa; a place where Ndungunye was buried in 1815. This place is near the Nhlangano-Lavumisa road, which is today in the custody of the Nxumalo family from which Lomawa, the mother of Sobhuza II came.

68 Ijaha : see glossary

69 Ngolotsheni (variant Ngolofjeni) : a Nxumalo chief who had a village at Zikhetheni in the Shiselweni District.

70 Motsa : is a common surname

71 Shemane : was Zwide's heir whom Bryant considers as being lost in the confusion and then begged refuge from Sobhuza. Ngolotsheni's brother

72 Malagwane : could be a name of a person; also could be the hill just before you reach Mbabane from Mangin.

Mlokothwa, umlakothwa lo lijha leligata bani?  
 Mlokothwa<sup>67</sup>, mlokothwa<sup>67</sup> this one is the lijha<sup>68</sup> which  
 usigata e bo ulukhuzana ngolotsheni lemuva  
 begets who? which begets so and so ngolotsheni<sup>69</sup> at the back

D.B. ngolotsheni Motsa

ngolotsheni<sup>69</sup> Motsa<sup>70</sup>

N.I. Ngolotsheni ndwandwe

Ngolotsheni<sup>69</sup> ndwandwe<sup>6</sup>

D.D. wo

Oh

N.I. Lemula ka2wide, bakanye kanye le emuva  
 There at the back, at 2wide's, they are together there at  
 ka2wide. Lemlakothwa lo lijha lelasatay le  
 the back at 2wide's. This mlokothwa is a lijha<sup>68</sup> who  
 ka2wide, laba bo bolokhuzana yindlu yakubo  
 was left at 2wide's place. These sound so ~~are~~ <sup>their</sup> a house<sup>71</sup>  
 loloyana longolotsheni. Kuphumā ke laba base  
~~this~~ and so, this ngolotsheni<sup>69</sup>. Those q zikhetheni<sup>25</sup> went out  
 zikhetheni bega Shangwane belandelana na Shemane  
 and come<sup>18</sup> to Kangwane following Shemane who  
 amphuma kugala Shuthiwa yesikhatha ezimhlophe  
 came out first and it is said to be the white velds  
 lkhushutwa khona habe Malagwane dokotela,  
 where father Malagwane, doctor was born.  
 Meant<sup>72</sup> zikhetheni<sup>69</sup> ezimhlophe, kubo shemane.  
 He is born from the white velds, at Shemane's place  
 Thayi lobhemane lkhona, lolongowekugceta  
 not this present Shemane, but the first one,  
 nesika kugala lakanqwane.  
 he came first here at Kangwane<sup>18</sup>  
 D.D. Naku inkhet sayigakhuta e iyo

### Footnotes

- 73 LaNdwandwe : is the same as Thandile, who was Sobhuza's chief wife and the mother of Mswati
- 74 Ngwane III : Matsebulu says 'he is of special importance in the history of the Swazis; as it is he who gave the nation one of its names; His mother was a daughter of Taka Ndwandwe and his royal residence was at Zombodze (where Masenjana Nsibande was an indwuna); was also the father of ndlungunye.

Here now the king grows up and he goes his mother  
ekhabenina eZikhetheni, angikeva ke kahle  
place at Zikhetheni,<sup>25</sup> I did not hear properly.

NJ Tatola ke Namini lapho kuze kugalwe lenkosi  
Listen then Namini<sup>31</sup>, there until the king was bogat  
lenkosi ke igalwa ngubani, ngungelotsheni, ngolo  
who bogat the king, it is ngolotsheni, ngolo  
inkhosikati nalo letégal' inkosi

D D the inkhosikati<sup>48</sup> I mean the one which begets the king

Oh this is another La<sup>28</sup>zide, it is not that one,  
LeLa<sup>28</sup>zide lewokugala tsandzile wohlukile  
this La<sup>28</sup>zide the first one, this Tsandzile<sup>28</sup> is different

NJ Wohlukile ngwena avul' emasango waulela  
She is different. She is the one who opened the gates  
bakandwandwe bazawungena kallgwane lo thandite  
for those of Adwandwe to enter to Kangwane, this Prandile  
Kungasipmu ke Cungaboyikhipha ke nakuleyondawo  
She's not, you must <sup>not</sup> take it out in that place)

wokugala kuenda kallgwane kukhona ke okuthiwa  
the first one to marry at Kangwane.<sup>18</sup> There is someone  
ngakhatthiwa longalaphia the Archive laphia  
who is called Landwandwe<sup>73</sup> who is by the Archive  
ngasephlamente ugawufike uthole lapho phansi  
there next to the Parliament, you will find it those  
ukuthi kuthiwa ngubani ngulandwandwe togala  
down as to who it is, it is Landwandwe<sup>73</sup> who  
inkosi e ngwane III.

begat the king, ngwane<sup>74</sup> III

D D Ngwane III abasuye lowefika watavukane kisa  
Ngwane<sup>74</sup> III, is he not the one who came to settle

## Footnotes

- 75 Lubombo (variants: Lebombo, lobombo): can refer a range of mountains which run along the eastern edge of the Lowveld; it can also refer to one of the four administrative districts of Swaziland.
- 76 Luhongolo (variants: Phongolo, pongola, Pongolo): a South African town about six miles south of the Swaziland border on the north side of the Pongola River; there is also the <sup>Pongola</sup> river which starts in the Drakensberg Mountains south and west of Piet Retief, South Africa, it almost parallels the southern border of Swaziland as the river forms the boundary between the Transvaal and Natal provinces.
- 77 Gumedze : is a common surname.
- 78 Black and white umfologi .
- 79 Sibandzo : surname
- 80 Simelane : surname
- 81 Nkambule , surname.

uenabia wage wayewuhla ba emkhunge  
 and spread out until he reached at mkhuge<sup>66</sup>  
 N<sup>73</sup> Ngwane uuthathu nguye wokugala kwakha siwe  
 Ngwane<sup>74</sup> III, is the first one to build the Swazi  
 SamaSwazi nokugala nation. Bebelel beza  
 nation and to start a nation. They were coming  
 begitibie njenguba nathi sasiza sujibie nasisuka  
 as a tribe just as we also came as a tribe  
 central Africa sehla sisika la kuge kuhanjwe  
 when we came from Central Africa; coming down  
 vegetobonho. Nakuyawufika ke ngale ngase Liphongolo.  
 until we came here until we went along the Lubonde<sup>75</sup>  
 lapho esolitukana khona e baka Ngwane Sebebuya  
 when we were about reaching there at Liphongolo<sup>76</sup>  
 ngala nebaka Ndwendwe nebaka Gumedde sebephuma  
 where we separated. Those of Karqwan<sup>77</sup> came this side  
 began ungena Umfolozi umqaima nemhlaphie  
 and those of Ndwendwe and of Gumedde went out and  
 laba baka Ngwane sebebuya ke ngalapha ke  
 came to Black and white Umfolozi, and those of  
 kuleyanu Liphongolo Kulapho ke kwaficakala  
 Karqwan<sup>78</sup> came this side of the such and such, of the  
 Liphongolo<sup>79</sup> it is where it was that those bathola siwe sakabani  
 Karqwan<sup>80</sup> found the swe<sup>81</sup> of who? of Sibande<sup>79</sup>  
 sakabane bathola siwe sakasimelane, bathola  
 they found swe<sup>82</sup> of Simelane<sup>80</sup>, they found swe<sup>83</sup> of  
 siwe sakabane bathola lesinye siwe Ziningi  
 nkambule<sup>81</sup>, they found another swe<sup>82</sup>, just many of  
 nje. Kwase kwakhaka ke manjeni lamati bes lava  
 them. These tribes were then formed and constituted  
 asadula siwe simasati, Ngwane waba yinhloko

## Footnotes

82 Magudu (Hills): A group of elevations south of the Pongola River in Zululand. Early Bembo Nguni peoples under the leadership of Ngwane III in the 18th century spent some time near the Magudu. The Magudu are also mentioned in a praise song of Sobhuza II, since his mother descends from Zulus who lived near the Magudu.

83 Ewu (<sup>wow</sup>variants: ownu, awu, hawu). According to Bryant this "interje. Oh! which is an exclamation, when uttered soft, expressing agreeable surprise, admiration etc.; but when expressed hard, as Hawu, expressing the surprise of dislike, disapproval, indignation, etc."

the sive<sup>8</sup> of the Swazis, Ngwane became the head of yakhona itatua ke manje ngubani ngulandwandwe there being born by who? by Landwandwe<sup>73</sup> who lephume kumathu bakanwandwe lababheke kufhi came out of these of Ndwendwe<sup>6</sup> who went to where ngasenipologi limnyama nalemhlofhe.

To the black mpologi and white mpologi.

-DA Lapha ia kutsiwa kusemagudu khona? There where it is called Magudu<sup>82</sup>?

NJ ogiko lapho phela —

That is where —

DA Kulapho ia kutsiwa kusemagudu khona It is where it is said it is at magudu<sup>82</sup>

NJ Kuthwa kusemagudu khona ngoba emagudu It is said, it is at magudu<sup>82</sup> because at magudu<sup>82</sup> maku entaben ia myehla uthi kulensula here at the mountain here, you go down to the river mye phansi engansi lapha nase: ugawufika and go down to the bottom there when you are about myasenkhusi ngale komkhuzi kulapho kuneipologi to reach near Mkhuzi<sup>66</sup> over the Mkhuzi<sup>66</sup> it is where limnyama nalemhlofhe.

These is the black and white mpologis

DA Ewu wayingayha matwanemnguni e lakengayiphile<sup>83</sup> Ewu<sup>83</sup> you have made it clear matwanemnguni<sup>370</sup>, those kisa bangayiphikisa. E akesi leyi ke yalapha who can refute it can do so. Let us, this one of us iniquine usite u u leyo ungete wayingena the ngunis, you said you can touch on that talkhu.

one

### Footnotes

84 Lomawa : The mother of Sobhuga II, was married by King Ngwane V; the daughter of chief ~~Ngoloshehi~~ Nxumalo; a sister of Nukwase.

85 Bulandeni (variant: Bulandgeni) : a place that is located about 47 km north of Mangirini.

86 Bulanda (variants: Bulandza, Buyanda) :

87 bogiyingili : (variant Noziyilingili) according to Bryant (p 306) he is another son of Hlunwa's called Makasanyana; was also the father of Ngwanasi (p 307)

88 Ndakuhlaza : probably the brother of Madzanger

89 ...

NJ! Usemjithule ke ngalapho olamini sengigedel' indaba  
 let me keep quiet that side olamini<sup>31</sup> and let me  
 yarezilekuthuni. Ngolotsheni uzala nangu obigwa thina  
 finish the story of Likhetheni<sup>26</sup>. Ngolotsheni begets this one  
 simbizi ngokuthi ngu homawa, indlovukazi umaura  
 who is called, we call him homawa<sup>84</sup>, the indlovukazi<sup>27</sup>  
 weakest. le  
 the mother of the king there.

DA teshanile

The one which has died.

NJ teshanile, ukuthi utholakala kanjani kubese  
 the one which has died, that how is he found to  
 uwanwati inkosi. (legaphela) napho, abaningi  
 beget the king. You must be careful even there,  
 abakwazi lokhu. Bathi kwezuka bakaNgwane nje  
 many do not know this. They said those qkangwane  
 bagonana Likhetheni (bayo tholakala). BakaNgwane  
 went out first straight to Likhetheni<sup>25</sup> (to be found), those q  
 kwezuka bayo ebalandeni lapho bulanda bema  
 kongwane<sup>18</sup> and they went to ebalandeni<sup>85</sup> where the  
 hanjeni sebabukhona khona haya le ebalandeni.  
 bulanda<sup>86</sup> of the Emalangeni is, they went there at  
 Father bayaphka ebalandeni ngaleso sikhathi kwiso  
 Bulandeni, when they arrived at ebalandzeni<sup>85</sup> at that  
 kunguhani khoseku Dlakuhlaze nalamnane  
 time, who was it, it was Ndakuhlaza<sup>88</sup> even the  
 arangasekhi (Madzanga) BakaNgwane bafike bubika  
 young one was not there (Madzanga), those of kongwane<sup>18</sup>  
 lindaba. Ngowefuna umama uenkosi.  
 came and reported the story. They have come to look for  
 Bayabuka bakandwandwe bayabuka bakandwandwe

the king's mother. Those of Ndwandwe looked, those of Ndwandwe<sup>6</sup>  
 kufa Kulabantuana labakhona eBulandeni, bathe  
 looked there at the children who are present at Bulandeni<sup>85</sup>  
 bakandwandwe no akusekho umuntu longazal'inkosi  
 and those of Ndwandwe, no there nobody who can beget  
 kulabantuana lesinabo. Sesizawuhamba siyofuna  
 a king among these children we have. We will go and  
 search <sup>85</sup> because lehambisanai naye. Kanti  
 search ahead, the young one who match with him. But  
 ayisayo <sup>85</sup> because phela kusho kuthi ngiloandala  
 she is not the young one, it means it is the old one  
 longusokantshanti ngilomuncane ngobukhosu ngoba  
 who is a lisokanchanti<sup>59</sup> the young one in royalty  
 what this base base Bulandeni. Kwa se kusuka<sup>85</sup> ke  
 because the royalty is at Bulandeni. Then those of  
 Sabakangwane <sup>18</sup> malabakandwandwe bayotoduswa  
 Kalgwane and those of Ndwandwe<sup>6</sup> went to introduce,  
 but a <sup>18</sup> those bakandwandwe bayeunubaveza le kulaba  
 those of Ndwandwe went to show them to those  
 base ukhotsheni baveza bakangwane. Ekuseni benguni  
 of Yikhotsheni<sup>25</sup>, showing up those of Kangwane. In the  
 morning emalangeni

5.5 (Ifun) unua wesive

They want the mother of the nation  
 (Ifun) unua wesive. Ewu waghamuka  
 They want the mother of the nation. Ewu<sup>83</sup>, there appeared  
 Ngolotsheni awu ngizawuthini e bondwandwe  
 Ngolotsheni, awu<sup>83</sup> what am I going to say, Ndwandwe<sup>6</sup>  
 ngizawuthini awu hgohe legindlu gasebulandeni  
 what am I going to do because the houses of Bulandeni<sup>85</sup>

### Footnotes

90 Silo : commonly refers to 'lion'; can also be used to refer to king of Swaziland; also known as ingwenyasha. sometimes called silo sikhulu (lit big lion)

2

naselekhuganeni ziyahambelana kodwa ke i enkulu  
and such and such, are going together but from the big  
yakhoma ngileya njophu boda nje kuthi ece  
one of them is that one just as you see that at such  
elekhuganeni njikhulumu ligmiso lengilishiyelewe  
a place, I am speaking the truth which has been  
ngumntwana silo le lelishone lilaanga  
left for me by the child, silo, the sun" which has <sup>down</sup> gone.

AD. mafwanemuguni

Mafwanemuguni

NJ. Ultu Fe kwase kufika isigaba ngobubabona  
He says there arrived the stage just as you see  
nje kuthi kuthiwa e ukhabona bafake  
those of ours, it is said, you see them wearing  
busuk ematinta talangu sayifi<sup>(5)</sup> laba base  
ematinta<sup>6</sup> those which are five<sup>(5)</sup> those of Bulandeni<sup>25</sup>  
Bulandeni, Lindwandwe sonke lelesinge asinawo,  
the whole of the other ndwandwe clan does not have them,  
but want to be hanjike bawafake <sup>ngobe</sup><sup>26</sup> abafaka  
those of Lwandle<sup>26</sup> cannot put them on because they are  
bakanndwandwe sathe ukube <sup>bokupinde</sup> (sikulumu <sup>kulungisw</sup>)<sup>7</sup>  
the ones who put them on those of ndwandwe, after (we),  
(andabu) kusithathwa ngokuthi onke amatinta  
(had talked, Thandile and company, correcting the story it)  
nakosonke ngobe phela solo yizihlaze lego  
was taken as that all the ematinta and everything  
zokwetapha ukhosu <sup>63</sup> (osekuthiwa tula). Njengobuzwa  
because those are still ritual equipments of healing  
nje kuthiwa inithi Leyelapha bakanndwandwe  
royalty as it was said (you are here). Just as you hear  
ngileyelapha batankosi inithi Leyelaph' inkosi.

Footnotes

91 Mangweni : Probably one of the Ndawandwe places.

92 Chief Siganda : probably a mkhathwa chief in the edwandle area, a few kilometres south of mangini.

that it is said that the medicine which heals no  
of ndwandwe<sup>6</sup> is the same as that which heals those grik  
yimuhangeni ngiyapha bakandwandwe. Labakandwandwe  
The medicine which heals the king of emalangeni is that  
which hebe ngipunhuwa walashwa basekwandle. Balapha baph  
which heals those of ndwandwe<sup>8</sup>. Those of ndwandwe actually  
he labakandwandwe basezikhetheni yini na?  
are healed by those of Lwandle. whom do they heal?  
basemangeni yini ngikhulum<sup>9</sup> iqiniso ke  
Those of ndwandwe<sup>b</sup> of zikhetheni<sup>25</sup>? Those of mangwen  
namhlange.

I am speaking the truth today.  
haba bare basekambeni ebulandeni

These of Akambeni<sup>16</sup> at Bulandeni<sup>85</sup>

Umuntu nje lowlashwa nakabekwa walashwa  
A person who is medicined when he is installed is  
ngipunhuwa leyleapha bonke laba ngiphumela obala  
done that with the medicine which doctor all  
Lugha site sati ngiyithulume lendaba Olamini  
these, I am showing up. It is the silo<sup>10</sup> that said  
ngiyithuluma ke lamuhla nje. Emile yonkle  
I must speak out this story Olamini, I am speaking  
kuaphuma chief (Siganda) walumba wayolapha  
then today. All the inti<sup>30</sup>, came out chief Siganda<sup>92</sup>  
Mudzanga lolokhona wesibili lolokhona basebulandzeni  
he also want to heal Mudzanga the one who is alive  
namuhla nje. Wonke nako konke izihlaza gaze<sup>85</sup>  
the second one, who is alive who is at Bulandzeni today,  
zamisheka tigi saselashwa ngago kazulu gahamba  
All of it and everything the ritual medicine which were  
zayowusekhanze kumudzanga lolokhona, Ngiza  
set for, these we were healed with at kalulu<sup>17</sup> were

Footnotes

93 Landlela : wife of Mkokothwa, (the father of Ngoloksheni).

94 vdlela : lit. way ; but can also be a surname.

taken to be worked at Madzanga<sup>20</sup> who is alive. I come  
 tapha ke Mammie fulhi kukuza kulendaba, kwasuka  
 here then Diamini again to help you in this story. Those of  
 laba ke base Bulandeni <sup>31</sup>nakamalangeni ayawucel  
 bulandeni<sup>35</sup> went together with the emalangeni to ask for  
 umntwana <sup>36</sup>ku ngolotsheni. Waitholakala umntwana  
 the child from ngolotsheni. The child was found and  
 waitholakala endlini yala yakindlela. Landlela<sup>93</sup>  
 was found in the house of Landlela. This Landlela<sup>3</sup> is  
 yinkosikazi yemfowabo, yoyise wa maloyana wa  
 the inkosikazi<sup>48</sup> of the brother of, of the father of so and so of  
 uangdolsheni<sup>69</sup> lobigwa ngokuthiwa ngulokhuzana  
 ngolotsheni who is known as so and so, who is  
 lobigwa ngokuthiwa ngumtlokothwa njengobe  
 known as mlokothwa<sup>67</sup> just as I had  
 bengikhulumile.

said.

D S Ngitalele ngitalele intswamenguni

I am listening, I am listening intswamenguni<sup>37</sup>

N J Marje lwo ke kwaku neukosikazi Landlela<sup>93</sup>  
 Now that one, there was an inkosikazi<sup>48</sup> Landlela  
 ayantwa takakulu basempini wayelighawe  
 who was given to those of kaZulu, during the war  
 elikhulu floomlokothwa.

this mlokothwa<sup>67</sup> was a great hero

D S laba takandela nasowubatsinta nje banesigala  
 These of ndlela<sup>94</sup> just as you touch them have their  
 sabo (aph) ebukhosini. Noko-ke bengingete  
 position in the royalty. Although I may want you  
 ngatsanda kutsi ukutsintse Gieku  
 to touch that

N J Onjinkutsinta, takangwane ke leto kantsi nangale

Footnotes

95 Swazis : people of Swaziland; sometimes known as Ngwanes, people of Kangwane.

96 Hlubi : According to Grotjepeter p 52 "Hlubi is the rightful heir to succeed his father Ludvonga I as Swazi ngwenyama. However, his mother had two <sup>other</sup> sons, a pattern not acceptable for Swazi kings according to Swazi custom. Thus Dlamini II, his half-brother, became King. This took place probably in the late seventeenth or early eighteenth century"; this is also used as a sinanalo of the Dlamini people.

B will not touch it, those are of Kangwane<sup>18</sup>. and even that ngakazulu bebiqwa ngobe phela lala labangale ngaka side, at kazulu<sup>17</sup> they were known because those that are that zulu honke labakanndela sele ngawo emalangeni side of kazulu all those of Ndlela<sup>14</sup> are still swagis<sup>15</sup> through nqokwaphlu ngesikhathu kwehlukwana wayi part self, during the time when there was separation, it is yetaka ngwane yemalangeni labakanndela ngale<sup>16</sup> that side the part of those of Kangwane<sup>18</sup> of the emalangeni those gndlela

D N E benjengatsandzi kutsi siyijube mnguni kodwa<sup>58</sup>  
I would not love us to cut it mngundi but I would  
benjitsandza kutsi siyijube ngokokutsi sewunqighazel  
love us to cut it by you explaining to me about the  
ngemagudu nankha lalapha e lapha naku  
emagudu<sup>82</sup> that are there, there where it is  
kutsiwa kuka ee naku naku kutsiwa kuka  
called it is at, there there that is known as at  
loqingile, whose ingiqhazel a ngemagudu nankha  
Loqilingili's<sup>87</sup>, and then you explain to me about  
that

the magudu<sup>82</sup> which are here

N J Siyakhona Alamin, ngisafuna ukukukulipha  
we are going there Alamin, I just want to get you through  
ngendala<sup>31</sup> yemalangeni bebekandwane<sup>1</sup> werkosi lelesishigile : Halela (Hlubi)  
the story of the mother of the king which has left us. listen  
Kuiko kwavumelana emalangeni bebekandwane<sup>1</sup>  
(Hlubi). In that tree emalangeni and those of ndwande<sup>1</sup>  
kwase kuthakala<sup>96</sup> intosikazi umama werkosi  
came to agreement, and then there was found an inkosikazi<sup>48</sup>  
siwana kuthiwa ngulomawa. utholakala emgini  
which is the intosikazi the mother of the king, we hear

Footnotes.

97 Mlandanezwe : probably same as Mlandigwe,  
the umuti from where indlovukazi  
Lomawa was taken to Swaziland

98 Nhlangano : a town located about 20 km south  
west of Hlatikulu.

99 Mlandigwe : probably the same as Mlandanezwe

okuthiwa (kusemilandanezwe). Hhayi emphakatheni  
 her called Lomawa,<sup>84</sup> she is found from the umuzi known  
 as Mhlanguine kalyana kaNgotshe ni. Ngolotsheni wathi  
 as (Mlandanezwe) not at the umphakathi at nhlangano  
 abethole <sup>97</sup> lelozi lokuthi kufunakala indlovukazi  
 of this one, at Ngolotsheni's. Ngolotsheni just after he got the  
 umama wenkosi lozawugala wase ekhumbula kuthi  
 word that an indlovukazi the mother of the king is wanted  
 mlokothwa washuya nansi intombagane eyejingeka-  
 who will beget, he then remembered that mlokothwa left  
 iithathwa tenguise wakhe. wathi into lenono  
 this girl which she had not taken who is her father. He said  
 bakumane kungene yena kungangeni wakhe  
 the best thing is that let her go in and not his  
 umntwana Ngolotsheni  
 (Ngolotsheni's) child.

B D Sisaghube ka mntwaneemnguni.

We are still continuing mntwaneemnguni

N J Mange ke Blamini kuloko kwabe se kuvumelana  
 Now then Blamini <sup>31</sup> in that the emalangeni and  
 emalangeni na ngolotsheni wase iyyathathwa  
 Ngolotsheni came to agreement, and then Lomawa  
 ke Lemawa iithathwa emzini okuthiwa kuse  
 was taken, she was taken from the umuzi known as  
 Mlandizwe walambwa ke waya <sup>30</sup> kangwanie  
 Mlandizwe. She went then to Kangwanie  
 intlovukazi ke, ngegama eliphuma kuphu  
indlovukazi, through the word which came from where  
 ebulandeni ngakutu ka kuye umlisa lo uthi yena  
 from Bulandeni. I get that from the man, he says he  
 wazi ukuthi umama wakhe ngokwelisiko

knows that his mother by custom, those of Kangwan<sup>18</sup>  
 iabakwane balanda umama wakhe, bamlanda  
 fetched his mother, they fetched her from  
 eBulandeni<sup>25</sup>, Benguni base Bulandeni bahamba  
 eBulandeni<sup>25</sup>, the Benguni<sup>47</sup> of Bulandeni<sup>85</sup> went to take  
 banthatha kufhi eZikhetheni.  
 her from where, from Zikhetheni<sup>25</sup>

D 1 Laphu ke be budlelwane ke bala Malangeni<sup>7</sup>  
 Here then, the relationship of the emalangeni with  
 neba Nguni lungulamhla nje ngobe phela habukhos<sup>i</sup>  
 the Benquni<sup>47</sup> today because here is the royalty, the  
 sekudibene bukhosi manje kutse npi ngubuphi  
 royalty has been <sup>tightly</sup> mixed now, which royalty is  
 lobusetulu ngubuphi lobuphansi?

N 3 Ebudlelwaneini bokugala kwethu mabakandwande  
 In relationship of our beginning, when those of ndwande<sup>6</sup>  
 banobudlelwane<sup>25</sup> had relationship and met with the emalangeni<sup>7</sup>  
 nemalangeni kusukela kuthu sunquliyane kungwan  
 starting and initiating from Agwane<sup>74</sup> III  
 III. Okokulandelako kwaba ngubani ngumswati e  
 That which followed was with it was Mswati to  
 kuthandile. Okokulandelako 'kwe'sithathu  
 Thandile<sup>28</sup>, that which followed, thirdly is the  
 yintonikati<sup>48</sup> lomawa indlovukazi lomawa  
inkosikati<sup>48</sup> lomawa the indlovukazi<sup>27</sup> lomawa, same  
 uphum<sup>i</sup> eZikhetheni ngegama eliphum 'eBulandeni  
 from Zikhetheni<sup>25</sup> through the word that came from Bulandeni<sup>85</sup>  
 D 3 Absolutly ke minuni sibuyele ke kule'engikucetak  
 let us continue Nguni<sup>58</sup> and go back to what I am

Footnotes

100 emaziyigili : people of Loguyingili

e imifusongi kuzyaba koduwa ke ngisafuna  
asking, do not wind up the story, but then I still want  
lokutfola kuhle ngala magudu aka loziyingili  
to get clearly about the magudu of Loziyingili<sup>87</sup>  
e kutsiwa kuka Loziyingile nje ngoba laphayana  
it is said it is at Loziyingile just because these  
lamaziyigili le lamuhla kutsiwa ngemaziyigili  
the amaziyigili<sup>100</sup> who are today called emaziyigili<sup>100</sup>  
hantfuna a bemntfwanenkosi Loziyingili labab  
they are children of bemntfwanenkosi Loziyingili<sup>100</sup> who  
lowabuyel<sup>1</sup> emuva kwatsiwa akayovusa ayobasa  
went back and it was said she must revive, kindle  
umtlo le laph'ebabagabuka khona.  
up the fire there where they had dzabuka<sup>4</sup> from.  
Kusewia magudu ke lamuhla

It is at magudu<sup>82</sup> today

15 Emagudu lawa ngesikhathu phele kwehlukwana  
These emagudu, at the time when there was  
bakalengwane nebakanwandwe beya ke kulegindabz  
separation of those of Kangwane and those of Ndawandwe  
lengizishoko zindawo lengizishoyo e emfolozi  
going to the stories I'm saying, to the places I'm saying  
lennyanma nalemthope! Umuzi wabo omkhulu  
at white and black amfologis. Their great umuzi<sup>30</sup> was  
kwakuse Magudu, umuzi kabani lowo ngoka Yanga  
at Magudu, whose umuzi<sup>30</sup> is that? it is for Yanga<sup>3b</sup>  
Awusige exactly wa2wide woyise Yanga I ngose<sup>3b</sup>  
It is not Zwide's exactly, it is for his father Yanga<sup>3b</sup>  
simYanga II

because we have Yanga II

DJ Semwya futsa temuti wemagudu bekuhlasela

Then the <sup>30</sup>umuti <sup>82</sup> of Magudu moved after the attack of Shaka e <sup>29</sup>sobuhlakaka njobe kuhlakaka, sengiyakufunzi Shaka<sup>29</sup> and it scattered just as it scatters I am spoon manje, sebabalikela lapha kulelive lokubonakala feeding you now, they fled to that live<sup>43</sup> which seems that kwekulisi laka<sup>82</sup> Loziyingili sebafile bakha emagudu <sup>82</sup> yin is of Loziyingili <sup>43</sup> they arrive. and built the Magudu

NJ Solo <sup>82</sup> ngwane lawo magudu

It is still those Magudu<sup>82</sup>

ND Solo <sup>82</sup> ngwane lawo magudu, ngalamafisha

It is still those Magudu. In short, this relationship lobudlelwome nemaSwati age lendzawo <sup>95</sup> ngeyanwo with the Swazis until they said this place is theirs njeji soloku abandza loku lokwats'wa kungwana are still fetching that which was said to <sup>74</sup> ngwane<sup>74</sup>

NJ Uzwide <sup>24</sup> un<sup>74</sup> ngwane u<sup>74</sup> ngwane <sup>117</sup>

Zwide<sup>24</sup> <sup>74</sup> ngwane<sup>74</sup> ngwane<sup>74</sup> III

ND Nine bekunene <sup>3</sup> luhle<sup>3</sup> basilubeke kwalamuhla nine bekunene let us put down this program for ngekubalula naku lokubalulekile. Dokotela Nxumalo today by pointing out that that is important. Doctor <sup>10</sup> John Nxumalo abelandza loko lahlangene Nxumalo<sup>10</sup> this one, John Nxumalo has been narrating nako eluphenyweni lwakhe labelwenta hgenhlosi that which he came across in his research which he yekubhala incwadzi ngekunika sandla e he was doing with the purpose of writing a book sandla selitanga lemaSwati lokungulamuhla through the permission of the Sun, of the Swazis<sup>95</sup> which njonal lisishonele. kepha ke singabonga kakhulu Today has gone down. But then we can be very grateful